





Waterproofing solutions

Surface preparation before waterproofing

Recomended products



Preparation of horizontal surfaces

- Substrate should be sound, clean, and free from dirt, dust, paint and laitance.
- Loose parts should be removed while damaged parts should be repaired using a non shrink mortar like weberep 331 TX
- All 90° angles should be chamfered by making a 50x50 mm mortar angle fillet using a non shrink mortar like weberep 331 TX
- A groove of 2x2 cm should be made around all pipes and penetrations through the slab.
- Those grooves should be filled with a fast-setting expanding plugging mortar, **weberdry 150 BLC**.



Corner chamfered with weberep 331 TX





Preparation of vertical surfaces

- In order to be waterproofed, vertical elements should be free from dust, laitance and oil. They should also be plane, and smooth.
- Honeycombs should be repaired by chiseling in order to remove the laitance and filled with a non shrink thixotropic mortar weberep 331 TX
- Tie rod holes should be filled using weberep 332 FR for diameter
 20 mm or weberep 331 TX for above, and then patched using epoxy paste weberep epo 412 CRY
- Protruding steel bars should be cut slightly deeper than the surface and patched using epoxy paste weberep epo 412 CRY.
- Make groove of 2x2 cm around all pipes and penetrations through the slab.
- Fill those grooves with a fast setting expanding plugging mortar, **weberdry 150 BLC**

Products selector guide Products selector by scope of use

Area to waterproof	Product to be used
Foundations	Biflex PL Biplas PL weberdry SSP 50 weberdry RBE weberdry 130 PR Grey/White weberdry 110 FX weberdry 370 BPU weberdry RBV weberdry crystal
Structural leakage (needs injection)	weberdry 600 i weberdry 610i weberep epo 650 i weberep 660i weberdry epo 660 i
Wet areas (bathrooms, kitchens)	weberdry 110 FX weberdry 130 PR Grey/White weberdry 210 AFC weberdry 360 PU/390 PU/370 BPU
Exposed roofs & terraces	Biflex SL Biplas SL weberdry 350 PU weberdry 360 PU
Accessible roofs & terraces	Biflex PL Biplas PL weberdry 350 PU weberdry 360 PU
Façades	weberdry 132 WB (stones) weberpas deco 340 weberstone proof weberdry protect
Façades under stone cladding	weberdry RBE weberdry 130 PR grey/white weberdry crystal
Planted Areas	Biflex PL anti-root weberdry 110 FX

Case I Sealing of construction &/or expansion joints

Expansion joints and construction joints (swellbar & PVC waterstock)

Recommended products



PVC **weberdry waterstop** are recommended to stop leakage positively through construction and expansion joints in concrete structures. They are required whenever concreting is to be made in 2 phases (between slab and slab or slab and wall or wall and wall). They are installed within the reinforcing steel before concreting. During concreting, one part is immersed in concrete while the other is kept free until the second phase of concreting takes place. They are made of flexible PVC and are available in different sizes and types.

Swellable waterstops are recommended for construction joints. They are present in two types:

weberdry swellbar is a mix of bentonite and butyl rubber, and **weberdry swellbar RB** is a swellable waterstop in pure rubber. They have the ability to expand in presence of water. The expansion process is slow in time.

It starts after 4 hours, hence enabling the concrete to set. They are present in different sizes, depending on the degree of protection required.

Swellbar (SQ type) joint sealant are developed for use in both fresh and sea water.





Application of swellable waterstops and PVC waterstops

- Uneven wet surfaces should be even, and hardened rough surfaces should be smoothened with the appropriate grinding machine, to install the swellable waterstops.
- \cdot Use steel nails for fixing, a 25 to 30 cm interval is necessary between nails.
- PVC **weberdry waterstop** are tied to the reinforcement steel bars with steel wires through the holes in the perforations in the waterstop.
- Overlap joints in the strips should be made at least 75 mm. Butt-joined is also acceptable but has to be carefully stuck down with mastic.

Sealants for joint width smaller than 30 mm

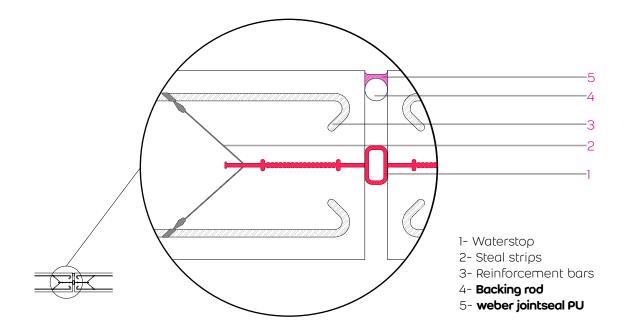
Recommended products



weber jointseal PU is a reliable low modulus polyurethane joint sealant, allowing a high degree of elongation after stretching.

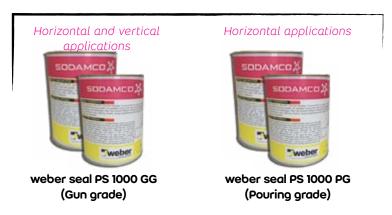
It recovers its performances and it is resistant to climatic ageing, rain, salt haze, ozone, ultra-violet rays and atmospheric corrosion.

- The edge of the joint to be treated should be free from laitance, dirt, oil and grease.
- Using a grinding disc or any abrasive tool, clean the lateral surface of the joint
- Insert inside the joint a flexible backing rod having a diameter 5 mm bigger that the joint's width.
- Place the backing rod at a depth not exceeding the joint's width.
- Insert the sealant inside the dispenser gun and start filling the prepared joint.
- While filling use a knife to press fully the sealant on the lateral surface of the joint.
- Finish the surface of filling with the bottom curvature of a spoon dipped into a soap detergent.



Sealants for joint width greater than 30 mm

Recommended products

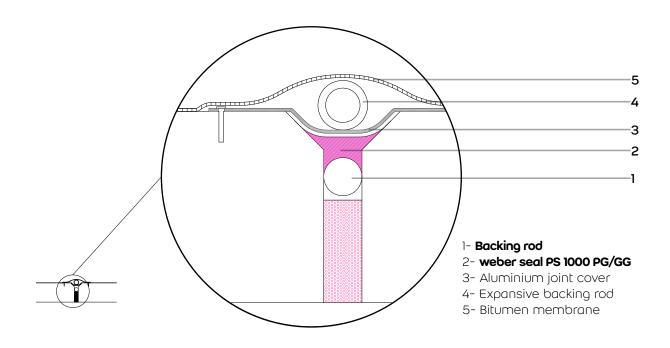


weber seal PS 1000 GG/PG is a two part polysulphide high grade synthetic rubber sealant processing outstanding resistance. It is specially used in areas subject to heavy foot and vehicle traffic where abrasion resistant, flexible sealant is required.

weber seal PS 1000 GG/PG two part polysulphide can be supplied in pouring grade (PG) or gun grade (GG) for sealing horizontal and vertical joints.



- The edge of the joint to be treated has to be free from laitance, dirt, oil and grease.
- Using a grinding disc or any abrasive tool clean the lateral surface of the joint
- Insert inside the joint a flexible backing rod having a diameter 5 mm bigger that the joint width.
- Place the backing rod at a depth not exceeding the joint width.
- For horizontal applications, pour **weber seal PS 1000 PG** in the joint, or for **weber seal PS 1000 GG**, insert the sealant inside the dispenser gun and start filling the prepared joint. In vertical applications, it is hard to handle the pouring of **weber seal PS 1000 PG**, it is recommended to use **weber seal PS 1000 GG** for workability reasons.
- While filling, use a knife to press fully the sealant on the lateral surface of the joint. Finish the surface with the bottom curvature of a spoon dipped into a soap detergent.



Case 2 Raft foundations

Waterproofing of raft foundations

Waterproofing of immersed underground structures requires permanent dewatering during the execution phase and continues until the pressure caused by the weight of the concrete structure exceeds the hydrostatic pressure exerted by the water table.

The type of foundations designed for such structures is most of the time raft foundation with or without piles, or a combination of raft and pile caps, depending on the bearing capacity of the soil.

In such cases, the waterproofing is called tanking as it envelops completely the structure from the bottom to the water table level and preferably to the ground floor level. The waterproofing of the vertical part will start only when the full foundation raft/pile caps are casted.



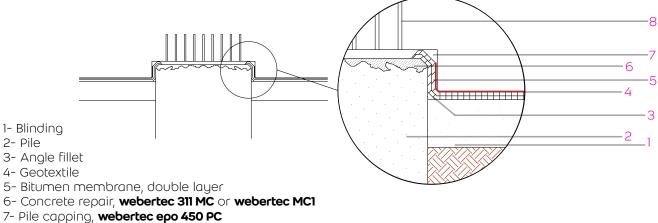
Pile head waterproofing

Recommended products



Product application

The head of the pile should protrude by 20 cm higher than the blinding level. First, repair the pile head to provide a levelled and high strength capping. Then finish pile capping with an epoxy mortar.



Horizontal part of tanking under foundation

Recommended products







Geotextile white PET



Waterproofing of the horizontal area under foundation should receive 2 layers of SBS waterproofing membrane **Biflex PL** 4 mm loosely laid on the blinding and extended vertically to the full thickness of the raft and/or the pile cap, the 2 layers of SBS are protected with a **Geotextile white PET** layed on top of the double membrane.

Product application

The surface of the blinding should be dry, smooth, plane and free from any obstacle that might puncture the waterproofing membrane.

- Lay the first layer of **Biflex PL** 4 mm over the blinding.
- Torch apply only the overlaps of 10 cm and end laps of 15 cm.
- Lay the second layer of **Biflex PL** 4 mm over the first layer and fully torch it while unrolling. The second layer should stagger the first layer in such a way that the center of the second layer should coincide over the overlap of the first layer.
- Extend the 2 layers of waterproofing membranes **Biflex PL** 4 mm vertically to the full thickness of raft / pile cap and exceed by 20 cm above level in order to overlap with the vertical part of tanking behind the structural walls.



Protection

Lay horizontally one layer of Geotextile white PET (250 g/m^2) and cast a protection screed weberfloor 600 SCR or weberfloor easy 625 on horizontal parts and Proboard on vertical parts.

Case 3 Waterproofing of retaining walls

A- Accessible areas

In order to be able to manipulate and apply the waterproofing system on retaining walls, workers need a sufficient space. When this factor is available, the presence or absence of a water table will guide us into choosing the proper waterproofing system.

A-1 In the presence of a water table

When a water table is present in the soil, pumping is a must in order to lower the tables level under the level of the waterproofing to be executed. While execution, waterproofing is held continuously until the finishing of works.

Bituminous membrane

Recommended products



When the structural wall is casted and the waterproofing is applied directly on the structural wall after casting, this is called external tanking.

- As mentioned previously, substrate should be clean and repaired. After correspondent steps have been respected, the waterproofing job can begin
- Primer: Apply weberdry prime WB a bituminous primer coat at the rate of : 150 to 250 g/m²
- Reinforcing Corner strip: Apply at all angles using a torch, a strip of plain bituminous membrane, **Biflex PL** of 200 mm girth.
- Unroll from top to bottom the first layer of **Biflex PL 4 mm** while torching to the wall.
- Adjacent rolls should be unrolled and torched to the wall in a way to have at least 100 mm overlapping in the length direction and 150 mm in the width direction.
- Torch apply each roll by melting its bottom face and laying it on the concrete surface. Make sure that overlapped parts are fully melted and bonded.
- Seal the edge of the overlap by melting and pressing using a trowel.
- Overlap the first layer of the vertical part with the first layer extended from the horizontal part.
- Torch apply the second layer of the vertical part fully to the first layer. The 2 layers should be staggered in a way that the center of the second layer should coincide with

the overlap of the first layer.

- Seal the edge of the overlap by melting and pressing using a trowel.
- Overlap the second layer of the vertical part with the second layer extended from the horizontal part.

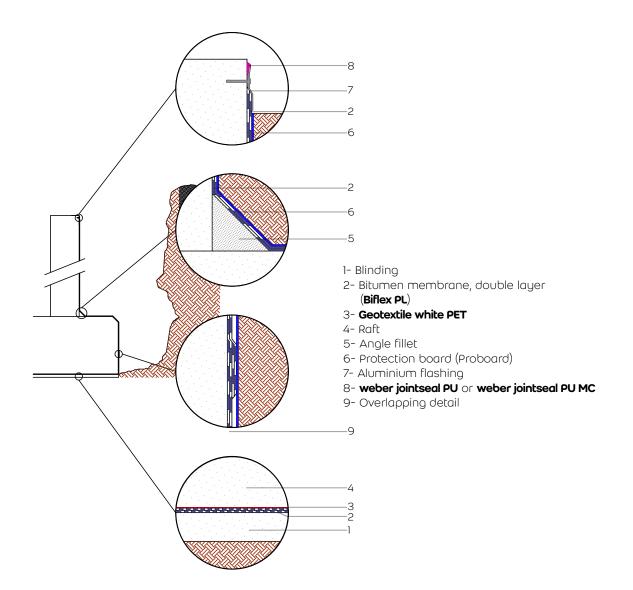
Waterproofing end detail

- Continue torching until the whole surface area is covered and the skirting is raised at least 10 cm above the final finish level.
- Fix the top of the skirting using screws and washers by the mean of an aluminum strip of 10 cm width (aluminum flashing) cut and bent to profile.
- Fill the groove provided in the aluminum flashing with polyurethane sealant "weber jointseal PU" or "weber jointseal PU MC " in order to completely seal the top of the skirting.

Protection

All vertical parts should be protected by building block-works in order to avoid damages during backfilling.

Waterproofing of accessible areas



A-2 In the absence of a water table

Moisture is always present in soils. In this case three waterproofing systems can be applied as moisture barriers, in the absence of water table.

1- Bituminous membrane (Refer to A1)2- Polyurethane liquid membranes

Recommended products



Surface preparation

All surfaces should be clean, dry, free from grease, oil or dust. Remove all loose material. Moisture content should not exceed 5 %. New concrete should be at least 28 days old.

All cracks and expansion joints should be sealed with **weber jointseal PU** or **weber jointseal PU MC** at least 2 days before application of **weberdry 360 PU**.

Product application

Brittle substrate must be primed with weberdry prime 310 PU.

On stable, sound and well prepared concrete surfaces, **weberdry 360 PU** diluted with 5 % of xylene may be used as a primer coat.

The prime coat should be left to dry for 2 to 3 hours.

Apply the first layer of **weberdry 360 PU** by roller, brush or airless spray with a film thickness of 0.5 mm. Do not apply more than 0.5 mm / layer. Equipments and tools are to be cleaned with xylene before polymerization.

3- Cementitious membrane

Recommended products



weberep 331 TX

weberep 350 NSG

weberdry 110 FX

Surface preparation

Remove dust, oil and any remaining non-adherent particules using grinders and fresh water. The substrate must be sound and clean. Honeycombs should be edged and then repaired with **weberep 350 NSG**, large holes and defections must be chiseled and repaired with **weberep 331 TX**. Cracks are treated and laped with either **weberep 331 TX** or **weberep 350 NSG** depending on their sizes.

Product preparation

Mix the two components of **weberdry 110 FX** using a mechanical mixer in order to obtain a creamy coating which is applied by brush.

Product application

Apply the first layer of **weberdry 110 FX** with sufficient thickness to plug pores, cracks and holes at 1 kg/m^2 .

Apply second and third layers in the proportion of 0.5 to 1 kg/m².

Always allow to dry between a layer and the other. All reinforced with a 20 cm wide **fiberglass mesh** between the first and second layer.

B-Inaccessible areas

In some cases, areas behind retaining walls are inaccessible what makes it impossible to apply the waterproofing system on the retaining wall, rather apply it on the vertical surface of the excavation, after it has been shotcreted.

Bituminous membrane on anchored shotcrete

Recommended products



When the space between excavation and structural wall is too narrow and the waterproofing is applied on the excavation side before casting the structural wall, this is called internal tanking.

Surface preparation

Recommended products



Excavation walls on which waterproofing membrane is to be applied should be stable, solid and plane surface.

Stability is insured either vertically before excavation, by anchoring piles/secant piles/diaphragm wall or horizontally during the excavation phases by casting temporary beams anchored inside the soil with inclined postensioning cables.

Solid and plane surface is obtained by shotcreting the whole vertical surface or by building straight blockworks.

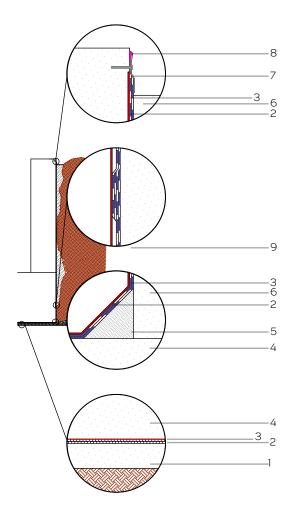
The following preparation should be observed:

- Voids or Honeycombs should be filled using non shrink mortar weberep 331 TX
- Protruding anchors should be cut and filled with epoxy mortar weberep epo 412 CRy
- Source of water leakage should be stopped by plugging instant setting mortar weberdry 150 BLC

Product application

- Prepare the surface as mentioned in surface preparation.
- Primer: Apply weberdry prime WB, a bituminous primer coat at the rate of 150 to 250 g/m²
- Reinforcing Corner strip: Apply at all angles using a torch, a strip of plain bituminous membrane, **Biflex PL** of 200 mm girth.
- Unroll from top to bottom the first layer of Biflex PL 4 mm while torching to the wall.
- Adjacent rolls should be unrolled and torched to the wall in a way to have at least 100 mm overlapping in the length direction and 150 mm in the width direction.
- Torch apply each roll by melting its bottom face and laying it on the concrete surface. Make sure that overlapped parts are fully melted and bonded.
- · Seal the edge of the overlap by melting and pressing using a trowel.
- Overlap the first layer of the vertical part with the first layer extended from the horizontal part.
- Torch apply the second layer of the vertical part fully to the first layer.
 The 2 layers should be staggered in a way that the center of the second layer should coincide with the overlap of the first layer.
- Seal the edge of the overlap by melting and pressing using a trowel.
- Overlap the second layer of the vertical part with the second layer extended from the horizontal part.
- Extend the 2 layers of waterproofing membranes by 20 cm above the finished level.

Waterproofing of inaccessible areas



- 1- Blinding
- 2- Primer
 - weberdry prime WB Bitumen membrane, double layer (Biflex PL)
- 3- Geotextile white PET
- 4- Raft
- 5- Angle fillet
- 6- Shotcrete
- 7- Aluminium flashing
- 8- weber jointseal PU or weber jointseal PU MC
- 9- Overlapping detail

Case 3 Negative side waterproofing

Cracked structures

Recommended products



For instant leakage stopping, a PU injection foam is recommended.

weberdry 610 i is a low viscosity water reactive polyurethane injection composed of a resin component and a catalyst. To stop leakage and form a permanent elastic membrane, inject **weberdry 600 i**, a flexible water sealing 2 component polyurethane resin that reacts with water to form a hydrophobic seal.

weberdry 600 i reacts in wet or dry cracks and joints. When weberdry 600 i comes in contact with water, it reacts into a flexible seal.

Product application





Drill a hole in the concrete at 45 degree angle in order to intersect the crack or the leaking construction joint.

- Place the bore packer inside the hole and tighten firmly in order to prevent the resin from escaping. The distance between each packer should not be more than the thickness of the structural member. The injection bore packer is designed with non-return valve in order to prevent resin from escaping during injection.
- Injection bore packers should be placed and distant equally.
- The injection requires the use of an injection device.
- Mix the 2 components of **weberdry 610 i** and place in the container reserved in the injection machine.
- Place the nozzle of injection hose inside the bore packer nipple.
- Start injection and continue while the **weberdry 610 i** is transformed into foam.
- Stop injection when the pressure gauge reaches 75% of its highest value.
- Remove the injection hose and shift to next bore packer and restart injecting weberdry 610 i.
- When all the bore packers are injected, repeat the same process using **weberdry 600 i**.

Stuctures exposed to negative hydrostatic pressure

Recommended products



Surface preparation

- Surfaces to be treated must be thoroughly inspected. The concrete surface must be cleaned and free from oil, grease, paint, loose dust, mud and laitance.
- Horizontal surfaces should not have curing agents or hardeners applied prior to the application of **weberdry crystal**.
- Honeycombs should be hacked off to expose the concrete. All dripping and loose particles should be removed, clean surface with water before repairing.
- Ensure all concrete surfaces are hosed down with water as moistures must be present in the capillaires prior to the application of **weberdry crystal**. New concrete must be at least 3 days old before it should be treated.
- Do an angle fillet of 25 mm x 25 mm at all junctions between slabs and walls with **weberep 331 TX**, after making a V groove on all these junctions.
- If surfaces are too smooth, the concrete should be acid etched lightly sandblasted or waterblasted.
- In case of water leakage, an injection is performed through the leaking craks or plugging mortar into leaking holes.

Product preparation

Mix each 25 kg of **weberdry crystal** with approx 7.5 liters of cool water and stir thoroughly for at least 3 minutes into a flowable thick consistant slurry. The mixture should be used within half an hour, after which time it will start to thicken. Never add extra water to restore workability.

- After insuring that the surface is moist without being visibly wet, apply **weberdry crystal** using a brush or broom with fine bristles.
- 2 coats at 0.5 kg/m² per coat are normally required. The coats are installed in 2 passes.
- When the first applied coat is in tacking condition, the second coat is applied with a counter cross application to the first.
- Hose down the entire surface of the treated area twice a day for at least one day.
- Protect it from sunlight, frost, wind and rain for 5 to 7 days.

Case 4 Waterproofing of wet areas

Depending on the area of use and the level of flexibility required Weber-Sodamco recommends 3 different waterproofing systems:

A-Flexible cementitious waterproofing

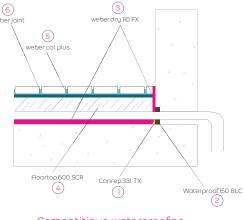
Recommended products



weberdry 110 FX

weberdry 110 FX is a 2-component flexible cement based waterproofing composed of one bag of powder and one pail of polymer liquid. Once applied and fully dry, **weberdry 110 FX** can receive directly the tile adhesive for fixing tiles.

- Prepare the surface as mentioned in surface preparation
- Mix the 2 components of **weberdry 110 FX** thoroughly until a homogenous mix is obtained.
- Let is rest for 2 minutes and apply by roller or paint brush the first coat by starting around angles and pipes penetrations.
- Reinforce those angles and pipe penetrations with fiberglass laid on the wet applied coat.
- Allow to dry and apply a second coat by roller or paint brush making sure to cover the entire area.



Cementitious waterproofing

B-Acrylic waterproofing

Recommended products



weberdry gum is a ready to use acrylic base yellow-colored paste that turns into a durable.

weberdry gum is designed for under tile use in demanding internal & external waterproofing applications that do not experience water pressures.

Properly applied, cures to form a durable, elastic seamless, and odorless membrane that will not reemulsify once it has fully cured even if continually immersed in water. It has a good resistance to alkalis, salt solutions & diluted acids, non hazardous composition with excellent strength & flexible characteristics.

- Mix thoroughly the content of the pail until an homogenous yellow liquid is obtained.
- Apply the first coat by roller, starting around the corners and pipes penetration.
- While the first coat is still tacky, apply strips of weber band around corners and pipes penetrations.
- Once the first coat is cured, apply the second coat to cover the entire area.

C-Polyurethane waterproofing

Recommended products



weberdry prime 310 PU

weberdry 360 PU or weberdry 390 PU

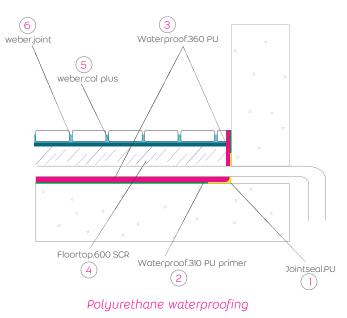
weberdry 360 PU is a one component, liquid applied waterproofing that turns into a seamless membrane once cured.

When applied, weberdry 360 PU creates a continuous watertight seal.

It has excellent adhesion to almost any surface: concrete, metal, bitumen membranes, acrylic paints. It keeps outstanding performances for a very long period. **weberdry 360 PU** maintains its properties with a service temperature from -30°C to +90°C.

weberdry 390 PU is a black one component liquid applied waterproofing that turns into a seamless membrane once cured.

weberdry 390 PU remains highly and permanently elastic, used for long lasting waterproofing.



Case 5 Waterproofing of exposed roofs

Recommended products



As mentioned previously, the substrate should be clean and repaired. After correspondent steps have been respected, the waterproofing job can begin.

1- Waterproofing with bituminous sheet membranes

Biflex SL is a SBS modified bituminous membrane, torch applied, recommended for use in regions where temperatures might drop below +5°C.

Biplas SL is an APP bituminous membrane, torch applied, recommended for use in hot to moderate regions. They are reinforced with 180 g/m² of polyester and have their surface slated with mineral aggregates. They are supplied in rolls of 10 m length and 1 m width.

Care should be taken for the stacking of materials on the roof. The rolls should be dispersed uniformly. They should be stored standing up. Any horizontal stacking of bituminous membranes on top of each other, might damage the materials, especially under sun heat.

Product application

- Prepare the surface as mentioned in the "surface preparation" paragraph.
- Primer: Apply weberdry prime WB, a bituminous primer coat at the rate of 150 to 250 g/m²
- Reinforcing Corner strip: Apply at all angles, using a torch, a strip of plain bituminous membrane, **Biflex PL** or **Biplas PL** of 200 mm girth.
- Horizontal membrane (**Biflex SL** or **Biplas SL**): Unroll the first roll at the lowest area starting from the drain location.
- The second roll as well as the following ones should be unrolled in a way to have at least 100 mm overlapping in the length direction and 150 mm in the width direction.
- Torch apply each roll by melting its bottom face and laying it on the concrete surface. Make sure that overlapped parts are fully melted and bonded.
- Seal the edge of the overlap by melting and pressing using a trowel.
- Continue torching until the whole surface area is covered and the skirting is raised at least 10 cm above the final finish level.
- Fix the top of the skirting using screws and washers by the mean of an aluminum strip of 10 cm width (Aluminum flashing) cut and bent to profile.

N.B. In case of double bituminous membrane waterproofing system the first layer should be **Biplas PL** or **Biflex PL**.



• Fill the groove provided in the aluminum flashing with a polyurethane sealant, **weber jointseal PU**, or **weber jointseal PU - MC** in order to completely seal the top of the skirting.

N.B. For enhanced protection, 2 layers of waterproofing membranes are recommended: **Biplas PL** or **Biflex PL** as first layer topped with **Biplas SL** or **Biflex SL** for exposed roofs. Make sure that the middle of the 2nd layer will come on top of the first layer's overlapping.

2- Waterproofing with polyurethane liquid membranes

Recommended products



weberdry 350 PU are 1-component liquid applied liquid membranes made of polyurethane, specially designed for UV resistance. Once cured, they form a flexible, resilient and seamless waterproofing membrane.

They maintain their properties with a service temperature from -40° C to $+90^{\circ}$ C.

- Prepare the surface as mentioned in surface preparation.
- Apply one coat of primer weberdry prime 310 PU before application of weberdry 350 PU.
- Application of weberdry 350 PU
- Mix thoroughly the content of the pail before starting application.
- Apply by roller a strip of 10 cm wide over all cracks and corners.
- While it is still tacky un-roll 10 cm wide fiberglass over the wet strip.
- Apply the first coat by roller or appropriate airless spraying gun over the entire horizontal area at the rate of 1 kg/m².
- \cdot Once the first layer is dry and not later than 24 hours, apply a second coat at the rate of 1 kg/m²
- Extend the application over the skirting by 10 cm above the finished level.

Case 6 Waterproofing of accessible roofs & terraces

1-a Waterproofing with bituminous sheet membranes

Recommended products



Biflex PL is a SBS modified bituminous membrane, torch applied, recommended for use in cold regions where temperatures might drop below 5°C

Biplas PL is an APP bituminous membrane, torch applied, recommended for use in hot to moderate regions. They are reinforced with 180 g/m² of polyester and have a plane surface. They are supplied in rolls of 10 m length and 1 m width.

Care should be taken for the stacking of materials on the roof. The rolls should be dispersed uniformly. They should be stored standing up. Any horizontal stacking of bituminous membranes on top of each anothers, might damage the materials, especially under sun heat.

Product application

- Prepare the surface as mentioned in surface preparation.
- Primer: Apply weberdry prime WB, a bituminous primer coat at the rate of: 150 to 250 g/m²
- Reinforcing Corner strip: Apply at all angles, using a torch, a strip of plain bituminous membrane, **Biflex PL** or **Biplas PL** of 200 mm girth.
- Horizontal membrane (Biflex PL or Biplas PL): Unroll the first roll at the lowest area starting from the drain location.
- The second roll and the following ones should be unrolled in a way to have at least 100 mm overlapping in the length direction and 150 mm in the width direction.
- Torch apply each roll by melting its bottom face and laying it on the concrete surface. Make sure that overlapped parts are fully melted and bonded.
- Seal the edge of the overlap by melting and pressing using a trowel.
- Continue torching until the whole surface area is covered and the skirting is raised at least 10 cm above the final finish level.
- Fix the top of the skirting using screws and washers by the mean of an Aluminum strip of 10 cm width (aluminum flashing) cut and bent to profile.
- Fill the groove provided in the aluminum flashing with Polyurethane sealant "**weber jointseal PU**" in order to completely seal the top of the skirting.
- Protection:
- Second layer of bituminous membrane should be slated
- Or lay Geotextile white PET above which you will spread a gravel bed of minimum 5 cm.

N.B. For enhanced protection, 2 layers of **Biflex PL** or 2 layers of **Biplas PL** are recommended. Make sure that the middle of the 2nd layer will come on top of the first layer's overlapping.

1-b Waterproofing with polyurethane liquid membranes

Recommended products



weberdry prime 310 PU

weberdry 360 PU is a 1-component liquid applied liquid membrane made of polyurethane specially designed for waterproofing of roofs which will be protected with tiles or screed. Once cured, it forms a flexible, resilient and seamless waterproofing membrane.

They maintain their properties with service temperature from -30°C to + 90°C.

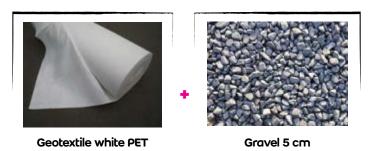
- Prepare the surface as mentioned in surface preparation and prime with weberdry prime 310 PU.
- Mix thoroughly the content of the pail of weberdry 360 PU before starting application.
- Apply by roller a strip of 10 cm wide over all cracks and corners.
- While it is still tacky un-roll 10 cm wide fiberglass over the wet strip.
- · Apply the first coat by roller or appropriate airless spraying gun over the entire horizontal area at the rate of 1.0 kg/ m^2 .
- Once the first layer is dry and not later than 24 hours, apply a second coat at the rate of 1 kg/m². Extend the application over the skirting by 10 cm above the finished level.



2- Protection

2-a Soft protection

Recommended products



A protection is called soft when gravels or pebbles are spread over the horizontal waterproofing membranes to an average thickness of 5 cm. (to be applied only for rooftops lower than 15 m height) An underlay of **Geotextile white PET** should precede the spreading of gravels in order to avoid puncturing of the waterproofing membranes placed underneath and separate it from the gravels / ballast.

2-b Hard protection

Recommended products



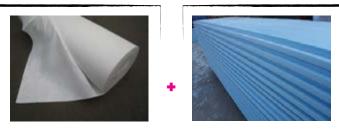
A protection is called hard when the waterproofing membrane is covered with tiles. There are two ways to proceed with hard protection:

- Loosely laid tiles are concrete tiles of sizes around 40x40 cm and 3 to 4 cm thick. They are laid loose over the soft protection described above.
- Mortar laid tiles are tiles laid over a bed of cement mortar like **webercol floor** (Carromortar) range, eliminating the gravels described in the soft protection while keeping the geotextile as separation and protection layer.
- Expansion joint of 2 cm wide should be provided in bays of 3x3 m and filled with **weber jointseal PU** or **weber jointseal PU MC**.

N.B. In case of hard protection it is recommended to replace the Primer of the horizontal area with a separation layer made of Fiberglass mesh. Hence, torching of membrane will occur only over the overlaps in order to provide a fully independent system.

2-c Thermally insulated roofs and terraces (Inverted roofing system)

Recommended products



Geotextile white PET

XPS board

In case of thermal insulation is required, use extruded polystyrene (XPS) of thickness depending on the amount of thermal conduction (U-value) designed.

In all cases the XPS boards of a density around 30 to 35 kg/m³ have to be used. They are laid and staggered over the waterproofing membrane.

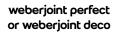
An underlay of **Geotextile white PET** should precede the laying of XPS in order to play the role of separation layer.



Case 7 Waterproofing of façades

Recommended products





webercal stone (Stone.fix)



weber jointseal PU + Gun or weber jointseal PU - MC



Weberdry 132 WB



weberdry protect

1- Natural stone façades

Joints between stones

- Mortar filled joints between natural stones should be checked. Cracked joints or loose parts should be removed and replaced with ready to use filling mortar weberjoint perfect or webercal stone of a color to architect's choice.
- All joints surrounding windows and doors should be filled with weber jointseal PU, or weber jointseal PU - MC a polyurethane sealant.
- Wash the area to receive the water repellent with a water jet to remove all dust, laitance, or any foreign materials.

Application of a water-repellent product on the stones



weberdry 132 WB is a ready-to-use surface waterproofer made of siliconate, intended to leave a colorless, hydrophobic coat on inorganic construction materials. The product has a strong penetration into the material because of its low molecular weight.

- · Allow the washed surface to dry for 2 to 3 days.
- Apply first coat of **weberdry 132 WB** or **weberdry protect** by roller on the entire area to cover, and within a limited period of time (10 to 30 min) depending on ambient temperature.
- If the first coat is fully absorbed by the pores, apply a second coat. If not, stop application.
- If the second coat is fully absorbed by the pores of the surface apply a third coat. If not stop application.
- The second and third coat must be applied before the previous layer is totally dry (wet on wet).
- Continue until the complete surface has absorbed **weberdry 132 WB** or **weberdry protect**. Do not overcoat.



N.B. Substrate should be put through all necessary tests, substrate should be porous, not treated or manipulated with and dry while application.

Recommended products



or weber jointseal PU - MC

2- Plastered facades

weberpas deco 340 is a highly elastic (400% elasticity) semi-fluid acrylic paste rich in polymer resins. Applied in a thick coat, it provides a flexible waterproof coating for pitched roofs & facades, allowing the product to follow the tension / expansion cycles of the substrate.

weberpas deco 340 shows an exceptional resistance to extreme weather conditions.

weberpas deco 340 forms a protective and decorative membrane with permanent elasticity and excellent adhesion. It is non-toxic and environmentally friendly. It is supplied in 5 and 18 kg plastic pails. Different colors are available.

Surface preparation

- Make sure that the plaster on the facade is sound and free from cracks, oil or laitance.
- Scroll a metal piece (hammer or chain) over the plastered façade in order to check the presence of any blistering.
- Using a marker pen, surround the area where an hollow sound is heard.
- Break the marked area and re-plaster, using the appropriate Weber-Sodamco premixed plaster product, after application of the premix rush coat product for the correspondent substrate.
- Cracks wider than 1 mm should be cut, opened and filled with **weber jointseal PU**, or **weber jointseal PU - MC** a flexible polyurethane sealant.
- · Cracks smaller than 1 mm should be reinforced with fiberglass tape.

- Prime the substrate by applying **weberpas PR 339** evenly, using a brush, roller or small broom, at least one day before application of **weberpas deco 340**.
- Stir thoroughly before and during the use of **weberpas** deco 340.
- Apply the first coat of **weberpas deco 340** using a cotton roll.
- Apply a second coat, in the same way as the first one.
- Apply third coat if necessary.
- Thinning is unnecessary, but if required to obtain desired application properties, a small amount of clean water not more than 0.5 liter/ 18 Kg pail may be added.



Case 8 Waterproofing of planted areas

Recommended products



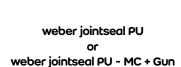








Geotextile white PET



Aluminium flashing

Surface preparation

As mentioned previously, substrate should be clean and repaired. After correspondent steps have been respected, the waterproofing job can begin.

Biflex PL antiroot 4 mm is a 4 mm thick, waterproofing membrane torch applied made of SBS Bitumen modified with anti-root additives. It is reinforced with 180 g/m² of non woven polyester. It is supplied by rolls of 10 m x 1 m.

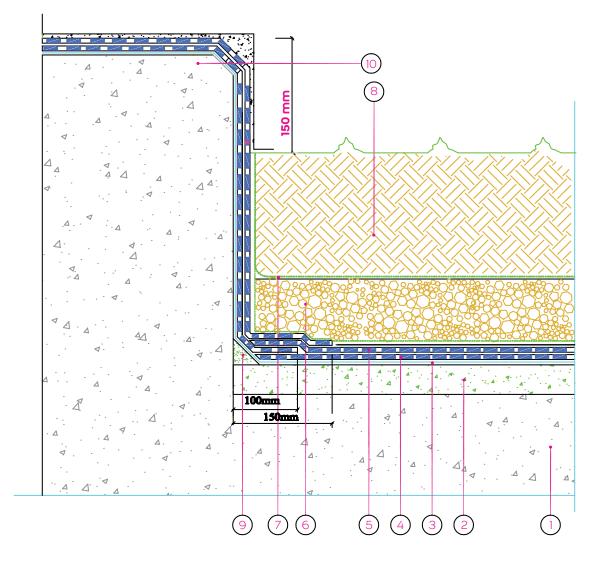
Product application

- Prepare the floor and wall surfaces as mentioned in surface preparation
- Apply one coat of bituminous primer:

weberdry prime WB, at a rate 150 to 250 grs/m².

- Fully torch the first layer of **Biflex PL antiroot** 4 mm with 100 mm side lap and 150 mm end lap.
- Fully torch the second layer with staggered joints above the first layer of **Biflex PL antiroot** 4 mm as well.
- Apply one layer of a Geotextile white PET of 200 to 250 grs/m².
- Lay a bed of Pebble round gravels of 100 mm thickness.
- Apply another layer of Geotextile white PET of 200 to 250 grs/m².
- Fix the top of the membrane skirting using screws and washers by the mean of an Aluminum strip of 10 cm width (aluminum flashing) cut and bent to profile.
- Fill the groove provided in the aluminum flashing with Polyurethane sealant "weber jointseal PU" in order to completely seal the top of the skirting.

Detailed waterproofing system for planted areas



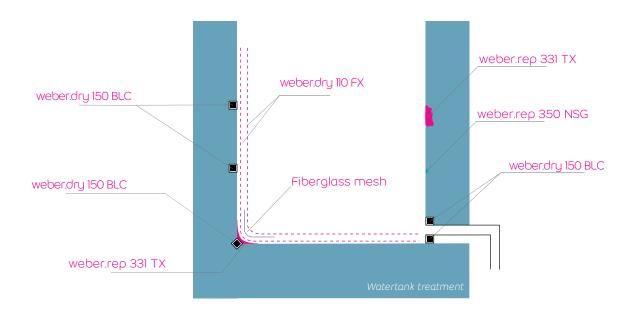
- 1- Concrete deck
- 2- Screed to slope, 100 mm average thickness
- 3- One coat of bituminous primer type : weberdry prime WB at a rate of 250-300 grs/m²
- 4- First layer of root-resistant waterproofing membrane self-protected with green slate granule type: **Biflex PL anti-root** 4 mm
- 5- Second layer of root-resistant waterproofing membrane self-protected with green slate granule type : **Biflex PL anti-root** 4 mm
- 6- Draining layer gravels 25/25
- 7- Filter layer, non-woven Geotextile white PET
- 8- Sweet soil of 300 mm thick minimum
- 9- Angle filler 50 mm x 50 mm type weberep 331 TX
- 10- Concrete upstand

Case 9 Watertank treatment

Recommended products



This case/solution is valid for drinking and non-drinking water tanks either with new or old concrete. In both cases, a waterproofing system needs to be applied in order to protect the concrete and prevent any leakage of the contained liquid.



Surface preparation

Remove dust, oil and any remaining particles using grinders and fresh water only. The substrate must be sound and clean.



Presence of holes

Mostly in new built watertanks, holes will appear caused by molding or else. Such holes must be clean and damp. Use **weberdry 150 BLC** - a fast setting plugging mortar and keep it moist for a period of 15 min. If any cracks are present, they can be treated the same way.





Honeycombing

In some new built watertanks, honeycombing may be found after concrete pouring or pumping. Honeycombing areas must be cleaned by removing all damaged concrete and existing laitance. Damp the concerned areas with water and use **weberep 350 NSG** for filling the cracks.

Big holes and damaged concrete

In the case of large holes or damaged concrete in old or new water tanks, all damaged areas must be chiseled, cleaned and damped with fresh water. **weberep 331 TX** is to be applied in one or two layers depending on the depth of holes.



Joints treatment

All joints between vertical walls and the ground must be treated by creating a groove of 2 cm depth and 2 cm width and reconstitute on the 90° corner an angle curve form in an appropriate thickness with a non-shrink thixotropic mortar like **weberep 331 TX**, at least 3 days before the application of **weberdry 110 FX**. In case it is impossible to have a curve form, open a groove of 2 x 2 cm or 3 x 3 cm, clean it and damp it with fresh water then fill it with **weberdry 150 BLC**.

Waterproofing layers

After ensuring that all the above steps have been maintained, the watertank is ready to receive the final product, **weberdry 110 FX**, a cementitious waterproofing membrane.

Apply the 1st layer of **weberdry 110 FX** with sufficient thickness (1 kg/m²) with a brush or a roller :

- Fix 20 cm width of **Fiberglass mesh** on all corners, joints and cracks while the waterproofing layer is still wet
- When dry, apply the 2nd and 3rd layer of weberdry 110 FX in proportion of 0.5 1 kg/m²
- · Application should be in two to three crossed layers with a minimum thickness of 2 mm.





Case ID Waterproofing of swimming pools

Recommended products







weberpremix fiber







weberdry 150 BLC

weberep 331 TX

weberdry 110 FX webercol flex

weberepox easy weberjoint perfect

Surface preparation

Remove dust, oil and any remaining particles using grinders and fresh water only. The substrate must be sound and clean.



Presence of holes

Mostly in new built watertanks, holes will appear caused by molding or else. Such holes must be clean and damp. Use **weberdry 150 BLC** - a fast setting plugging mortar and keep it moist for a period of 15 min. If any cracks are present, they can be treated the same way.

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PLASTERING

The substrate of the concrete walls must be aligned in order to have the tiles fixed therefore plastering work is to be applied after repairing work. Apply one coat of **weberpremix key coat** on thickness of 2 to 6 mm manually or by using a Tyrolienne spraying device. For a better curing, keep spraying water twice a day. After 3 days of the curing process, apply one single layer of **weberpremix fiber**. Thickness can reach 15 mm and



carry additional 3 days of curing. In case more thickness is required to achieve the alignment, then

69

scratch the finishing coat and apply another one following the previous steps.

FLOORING SCREED

The concrete floor has to be aligned as well, by using floor screed weberfloor 600 SCR. Mix 50 kg of weberfloor 600 SCR with 5.5 liters of fresh water and pour the mixed product onto the floor and spread it with a steel trowel for a thickness up to 50 mm. Control joints in the existing substrate should be respected. For large areas, joints should be created every 25 m². Avoid fast druing in case of hot temperature or wind bu regular curing process.

Waterproofing layers

After assuring that all the above steps have been maintained, the swimmig pool is ready to receive the final product in the cement waterproofing system, weberdry 110FX - the flexible high performance product is to be used in 3 layers:

- 1st layer with sufficient thickness 0.5kg/m²:
- Use a brush or a roller.
- Fix 20 cm width of fiber mesh on all corners, joints and cracks while the waterproofing layer is still wet.

• When dry, apply the 2nd and 3rd layer in proportions of 0.5-1 kg/m²

It is recommended that the tiling start one week from the

application of weberdry 110 FX. When needed flood test on weberdry 110 FX can be carried out prior tiles fixing. Allow one week curing before flood test.

Tiling

Walls and floor of the swimming pool are ready to receive the final step of this system. The tiles are to be fixed by using webercol flex as follows:

- Mix the two components of webercol flex by pouring the powder in the liquid progressively while stirring the liquid. An electric mixer with low rotation speed (< 300 rpm) can be used. Mix until a uniform lump free paste is obtained.

- Apply webercol flex evenly on the substrate. Use a notched trowel to have the required thickness. Apply the tiles on the

substrate and press them firmly, while making sure that the paste does not slip from the tile sides. webercol flex can also be applied on the back of tiles to ensure full adhesion on the entire surface.

Grouting

After the fixation of tiles, all the area must be cleaned with fresh water and kept untouched for 24 hours in order to allow the tiling to be set, then all the tiles joints should be filled with weberepox easy or weberjoint perfect. Apply weberepox easy or weberjoint perfect with a rubber spatula into the joints by filling all the gaps. Remove surplus grout with a damp sponge.

Use the product within its pot life, after mixing. When the grout is dry, clean the tiles with a dry cloth.







Useful Documents & Safety

Technical data sheets (TDS)

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- Product description
- Scope of use
- Technical characteristics
- \cdot Surface preparation
- Product preparation
- Application
- Packaging
- Storage

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

1	BORAMED 2 - SHORE			
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET				
weberfloor 525 FD				
EDITION: July 2016				
1. IDENTIFICATION				
PRODUCT NAME: WE DESCRIPTION: POLYM FOR THICKNESSES ROM	ER MODIFIED SELF-LEVELING, FAST COVERING, RUDORING COMPOUND			
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2. COMPOSITION / INSRED	ENTS			
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celulusic ether & redspers	able emulsion powder < 2% can number : CAS No. 8032-62-2 & 24037-78-8			
3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATIO MOST INFORTANT HIGH	ADS			
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- Identification
- Composition
- Hazards
- First-aid measures
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Handling and storage
- Physical and chemical properties
- Ecological information

Personal Protective Equipment

It is suggested that the following list of equipment is adopted as a minimum requirement

- Protective overalls
- Good quality gloves
- Googles
- Face mask
- Safety boots
- Safety jacket



• Before use, always refer to product Technical Data Sheet and instructions written on the packaging

- Use only clean potable water to mix products
- Keep tools and equipment clean and in good condition

Tools & Equipment

Preparation Equipment



Marker chalk or pen Disc cutter Brush to remove rust from steel bars Drill Electric/pneumatic breaker or hammer and chisel Wire brush



Mixing Equipment

Mixing equipment

- Mixing bucket
- Measuring jug
- Mixer with low speed drill

Application Equipment

- Formwork
- Pouring equipment
- Normal gun for **weberep 435 ANC**
- Special gun for **weberanc 405 BFX**
- Pumping machine
- Injection machine + injectors
- Brush for protection reinforcement product weberep 370 PF
- Steel trowel
- Cleaning sponge

